

DANISH SENATE REJECTS TREATY

Senate in Copenhagen Won't Ratify Arbitration Pact With U. S.

NEW PLAN SUGGESTED

International Questions May Be Submitted to Special Commission.

BRYAN IS DISAPPOINTED

Secretary in Proposing Convention Forgot About St. Thomas Island.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

COPENHAGEN, March 28.—The Government is greatly disappointed at the failure of the Danish Senate to ratify the arbitration treaty with the United States. The Government received a cablegram from Washington to-day proposing a special treaty which will provide for the submission of all questions which cannot be settled through diplomatic channels to an international commission and also suggesting the renewal of the treaty of 1908, which expires to-morrow.

A high official says the Government will accept the special treaty but will refuse to renew the old one. It will do its utmost to obtain a new treaty dealing with arbitration.

Treaty Likely New Deal.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Unofficial sources received here today the evidence that the Danish Senate had refused to ratify the arbitration treaty negotiated with that Government by Secretary Bryan. The treaty was taken here as constituting the final step to the agreement in its present form. Members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations this week informally notified Secretary Bryan that he could not expect ratification of the treaty in the present form.

The news was a great surprise to Mr. Bryan and not at all a pleasant one. It has been apparent that the one feature of his work as Secretary of State which has distressed Mr. Bryan most has been the negotiation of peace treaties with various Governments. The treaty with Denmark is unique and the result of a combination of the Bryan peace treaty with certain provisions for arbitration. The effect is to judge the two Governments to the arbitration of any dispute without any restrictions as to vital interest, national honor or the interests and independence of the third parties. It is assumed here that the treaty was too sweeping in its provisions, as that is the objection raised by American Senators.

The first part of the treaty is practically identical with the other Bryan peace treaties, providing that any dispute between the two Governments not settled diplomatically shall be automatically referred to an impartial commission for investigation and report.

The new feature of the treaty and the one that has caused its failure was the addition of clauses providing that in case the two Governments do not settle their dispute within one year after the commission has made its report the matter was to be automatically referred to arbitration.

Bryan Forgot About St. Thomas.

Former Secretary Knox negotiated the treaty during the Taft administration with Great Britain and with a similar clause in view but which were so constructed as to provide a greater measure of protection to each Government in regard to arbitration than does the Bryan treaty. The Knox treaties, however, were practically unratified by the United States Senate.

One objection raised by Senators was that the State Department had apparently not taken into consideration that in the possession by Denmark of the island of St. Thomas in the Caribbean Sea, and the possibility of further attempts to sell the island to other European nations the United States had a potential cause of very serious controversy with Denmark.

The vital interests of the United States in the vicinity of the Panama Canal, it was maintained, were threatened by the treaty in the absence of the provisions taking care of the situation regarding St. Thomas. Mr. Bryan told the committee that he had not thought of St. Thomas in connection with the treaty.

DRAKE MUST PAY \$200.

Paris Court Determines Security in False Pretences Case.

PARIS, March 28.—The Tenth Correctional court decided to-day that Francis Drake, an American, who charged Marquis Raymond de Villeneuve La Colette with obtaining 1,500 francs (\$300) on false pretences in connection with the formation of the Morocco Development Syndicate should pay in 1,000 francs (\$200) in securities before the case is pleaded on April 4. Counsel for the Marquis will make an appeal on the ground that the security is inadequate.

According to the indictment the Marquis falsely represented the role which he played in the Boer war and also asserted that he occupied an important post at Madagascar. In this way he is said to have induced Mr. Drake to advance him money.

The Marquis denies the charges, and says he will bring an action against Mr. Drake for slander contained in the complaint, which reiterated the libel for which a New York newspaper has already been condemned. It was charged that there is a deep laid plot to defame the Marquis.

MISS MACVANE WINS SUIT.

Italian Journalist Succeeded for Trying to Blackmail American.

RUSSIA KEEPS ITS HORSES.

San on Their Exportation Causes Sensation in Berlin.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. BERLIN, March 28.—A sensation has been created here by the decree promulgated on Friday at St. Petersburg prohibiting until further notice the exportation of horses from Russia.

The export trade of horses from Russia is so large and so remunerative that it is inconceivable that the Czar's Government should have had recourse to such an extreme measure, unless there were a conviction at St. Petersburg of the imminence of war. The prohibition of the export of horses has until now only been resorted to in the case of war, the last instance having been in 1877, during Russia's hard fought campaign in the Balkans against Turkey. Here in Berlin the move is regarded as indicating war by Russia at an early date.

LAUGHLIN ON MAURETANIA.

Embassy Secretary Coming Over on Two Months Leave of Absence.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. LONDON, March 28.—Irwin Laughlin, First Secretary of the American Embassy, and Mrs. Laughlin sailed for New York to-day on the Mauretania. Mr. Page, the American Ambassador, and Second Secretary Edward Bell and Mrs. Bell saw the Laughlins off at Euston station.

Other passengers on the Mauretania are J. Russell Ferguson, who is a rival of D. A. Thomas as a coal magnate and who is going over in reference to England's representation at the Panama Pacific Exposition; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Altschul, John E. Millholland, William Archer, the Rev. James Stalker, professor of church history in the United Free Church College at Aberdeen, and Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Spring of Boston, who came here to meet Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Merrill on their arrival from St. Moritz. The two couples sailed for New York together.

"TON JO" LETTER NOT ONLY "FIGARO" WEAPON

Calmette Had Five Other Things to Print in Campaign Against Caillaux.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

PARIS, March 28.—At the resumption to-day of the investigation into the shooting of M. Gaston Calmette, editor of the Figaro, by Mme. Caillaux the latter's denials and half-dresser confirmed Mme. Caillaux's statements in regard to her call at the office of the former and her story that the half-dresser came to her house shortly before noon on the day of the shooting.

M. Groux, a reporter of the Figaro, testified that he described the crime to the former Princess de Montagny, now Mme. Gabrielle Estrade, and that she exclaimed, "What a horrible woman!" Mme. Estrade when a witness before Judge Boncompagni gave strong testimony in favor of Mme. Caillaux.

M. Mortier, editor of *Quotidien*, a strong Caillaux organ, described meeting M. Avril, a Figaro reporter, on March 14, the day on which the "Ton Jo" letter was printed in the latter paper. Avril told him that all of the "Ton Jo" letter had not been printed and that there were five other things in reserve. M. Mortier testified that Mme. Caillaux had a dread of the letters being published. M. and Mme. Caillaux, he said, had accepted an invitation to dine with him on March 17, if M. Caillaux was able to be present. It was recalled at the time that they would be fellow guests of Mme. M.— on March 21.

ROCHETTE NOT YET FOUND.

Two Members of Investigating Committee Have Resigned.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. PARIS, March 28.—The police of Lorraine deny that Henri Rochette, the alleged swindling promoter, is at that place. They say the letter signed by Rochette received by Jean Jaures, chairman of the committee which is investigating the postponement of Rochette's trial, must have been mailed by a friend.

The police seized at a printing office at Chaux a copy of Rochette's book on the state of French finances, which was never published but of which copies were ready for circulation when Rochette disappeared.

M. Delahaye, a member of the Rochette investigating commission, resigned from that body after a scene during the session to-day. Georges Berry, another member of the commission, resigned from the committee to-night. He alleges that a majority of the members of the commission are trying to favor important politicians.

POLICE SCANDAL IN FRANKFORT.

Head of Vice Squad Suspended for Protecting Evil Resorts.

BERLIN, March 28.—The police of Frankfort-on-the-Main have learned something from their American contemporaries in the matter of grafting, judging by developments to-day.

Herr Schmidt, the Commissioner of Police, was suspended from duty on a charge of receiving money for the protection of disorderly houses. Schmidt has been in charge of the "morals police," or vice squad, and an investigation was started recently of charges that this force has been receiving money for the protection of evil resorts. Schmidt was implicated in the scandal by the testimony of a woman who revealed an extensive system of blackmail by the police.

BOOSEY DIVORCE ABSOLUTE.

Couple Were Married in New York in 1901—She Was Miss Flood.

LONDON, March 28.—The High Court to-day made absolute the divorce decree granted on July 1, 1913, to Mrs. Gwendoline Maud Boosey, nee Flood, nullifying her marriage to Harold Boosey in New York in 1901.

FORMAL U. S. PROTEST ON BERLIN OIL BILL

Washington Instructs Gerard to Look Out for Standard's Interests.

MEASURE LIKELY TO DIE

Hamburg Would Lose Heavily if American Interests Were Withdrawn.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

BERLIN, March 28.—Despatches from Washington to-day confirm The Sun's Berlin despatches of February 21 which said that the American Government was making plans to protest against the proposed action of Germany in excluding the Standard Oil Company from this country and expropriating its property.

The Washington despatches to-day saying that Secretary of State Bryan had instructed Ambassador Gerard to examine the provisions of the monopoly bill and to protest against it if he found that it discriminated against American oil attracted much attention in the press and in financial circles. The report came somewhat as a surprise after the recent despatches to the effect that President Wilson and Secretary Bryan had decided not to take any steps to protect the interests of the Standard Oil Company, no matter whether it was justly or unjustly discriminated against by Germany.

Financial Circles Surprised.

The financial interests which are behind the new private monopoly scheme, with the support of the Government, banked strongly on the statement which was made openly that the prejudice against the Standard Oil Company was so strong in the United States that the Democratic Administration would be afraid of being accused of friendliness toward a former trust if it took any steps to protect the Standard Oil Company or protest against the enactment of the petroleum monopoly measure.

Without in any way favoring the Standard Oil Company, Ambassador Gerard has been active in trying to obtain fair play for the Standard Oil Company in the same way as he would look after any other American interest. The action of President Wilson and Secretary Bryan in backing up Mr. Gerard is a severe blow to those in favor of the monopoly measure and materially lessens the chances of the passage of the bill.

The *Abendpost* says to-night that in political and Parliamentary circles there is now little hope for the passage of the monopoly measure. The opposition is again becoming strong and centres above everything else on the Government's failure to furnish sufficient proof that it is possible to provide Germany with sufficient petroleum independent of the Standard Oil Company. But despite this a majority might have been found for the measure in the Reichstag if the Socialists had not made such exorbitant demands for places for their followers in the new monopoly as the price of the 110 Socialist votes in Parliament.

Hamburg Would Lose Heavily.

As the elimination of the Standard Oil Company from the German market would also mean enormous financial loss to Hamburg, which is the company's shipping port and headquarters, heavy pressure has been brought from that city by financial and business interests in the city to prevent the bill from passing. The final decision as to its passage rests largely on the question of what attitude will be assumed by the Centrist members of the Reichstag, who with the Socialists have sufficient votes to pass or defeat any measure.

The Parliamentary expert of the *Neue Deutsche Presse* expresses the opinion, which is widely held among the members of the Imperial Parliament and in financial circles, that the monopoly bill in its present form is dead, or that at least be shelved for a long time. The committee in charge of the bill was to have resumed its discussions this week, but postponed the debate until April 28, and a further postponement is expected even then.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Secretary of State Bryan said to-day that Ambassador Gerard had been instructed to make representations to the German Government on behalf of the Standard Oil Company in that country if the terms of the oil monopoly bill now pending in Parliament seemed in his judgment to render the American concern liable to injustice. The attitude of the State Department is that it shall make no attempt to defeat the oil monopoly bill itself nor to contest the right of the German Parliament to enact such a law, but to see that the Standard Oil Company receives fair compensation for its properties, the taking over of which the monopoly bill contemplates.

DMITRI TO WED AMERICAN?

Report Grand Duke Will Renounce Rights to Marry Miss Durham.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 28.—There is excitement in court circles over a report that Grand Duke Dmitri, cousin of the Czar, has offered to renounce his imperial rights in order that he may marry Miss Durham, an American girl who recently came here with a party of friends.

The Grand Duke has been spoken of repeatedly as the prospective husband of the Grand Duchess Olga, the eldest daughter of the Czar, although some gossip has it that he was expected to marry the Grand Duchess Tatiana, the second daughter of the Czar.

Grand Duke Dmitri was banished from Russia last week, and it was then reported that his banishment was due to his attentions to Princess Boleslowsky, formerly Susan Whittier of Boston.

The Grand Duke is the only son of the Grand Duke Paul, the only surviving son of Czar Alexander III, who was exiled because of his morganatic marriage to Princess Catherine Dolgorouky. He is a brother of the Grand Duchess Pavlovna, who was divorced about ten days ago from her husband, Prince William of Sweden. These two are the only recognized children of the Grand Duke Paul, and it is said that the Grand Duke was Marie Pavlovna and many of her friends have been scheming to bring about the marriage of the young Grand Duke to the Grand Duchess Olga, in which case, because of the disability of the Czar, who is suffering from a mysterious skin disease, he would be the natural heir to the throne of Russia.

Miss Hanny to Wed Abroad.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. PARIS, March 28.—The engagement is announced of an American girl, Miss Germaine Hanny, daughter of Mrs. Frank Minter Clarke, and Leslie Bowden Allen.

MICHELIN Steel Studded Anti-Skid Prices REDUCED

February 9, 1914



On Exhibition: Auto Supply Co., Broadway & 59th St. H. Phillips Rubber Works, 19-9 B'way. Michelin Tire Co., 1763 Broadway.

FEAR MR. BENNETT HAS RELAPSE

No Word From Newspaper Proprietor in Five Days.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. LONDON, March 28.—James Gordon Bennett, proprietor of the New York *Herald*, who arrived at St. Petersburg accompanied by a special physician, has not been heard from by telegraph for five days. It is feared he has suffered a relapse from his recent attack of bronchitis, although such periods of silence on his part are not altogether unprecedented.

FIRES 12 BIG GUNS AT ONCE.

New Italian Dreadnought Undergoes an Unusual Test.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. NAPLES, March 28.—At the artillery trials of the new dreadnought *Julius Cesare* to-day all of her twelve guns of 13 inches calibre in triple turrets were fired simultaneously with excellent results. It is said that such a severe trial is unprecedented. It was tried by the Austrian dreadnought *Viribus Unitis* and she was seriously damaged when the guns were fired.

EXHIBITS OF FILIPINOS ENDED.

Igorrotes and Moros Can't Be Taken Now From the Islands.

MANILA, P. I., March 28.—Commissioner W. T. Denison has introduced a bill in the upper house prohibiting exhibitors from taking Moros, Igorrotes and other non-Christian inhabitants from the islands for exhibition purposes under penalty of \$5,000 fine, or imprisonment for ten years, or both. This is typical of the new regime's subservience to the Filipino politicians.

Ardi
Acknowledged authority on correct riding attire for women, now offers

Ready-to-Wear Riding Habits for Juniors

Built on the same smart lines as the well known "Ardi" custom-made habit

SIZES 6 TO 14 YEARS
PRICES FROM \$35

Habits will be sent out-of-town on approval

SEND FOR CATALOG "F"

73 West 47th Street

L. P. Hollander & Co.

ARE NOW PREPARED WITH A COMPLETE LINE OF

Ready-to-Wear Garments

Suits	from	\$50.00
Coats	from	\$45.00
Dresses	from	\$35.00

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At Frank Brothers

Fifth Avenue

Boot Shop you

will be offered the

Authoritative Styles for

Spring and Summer

1914

Near 27th St.

BURGLAR HELPS IN TRAPPING JEWELLER

Takes Detective to Alleged "Fence" of Thieves Who Looted Bronx.

MORE RAIDS ON FLATS

Police Think They Have Captured Washington Heights Robbers.

Stolen property appraised at \$10,000, diamond rings, mesh bags, silverware, pins and cut glass, was displayed in the detectives' room at the Morrisania police station last night.

It was on view for all comers, and especially to a hundred or more persons who since the first of the year have reported burglaries to the police. The detectives sent invitations to these persons after having recovered in the last week about fifteen suitcases filled with stolen property. Furthermore, they have arrested seven men and two women in connection with their investigation of the many burglaries in the Bronx. The police say that two of the men have confessed that they committed about sixty burglaries.

The work of rounding up the gangs of burglars is not finished. The police expect to make more arrests in a few days.

The series of arrests through which the detectives have recovered the \$10,000 worth of plunder began on March 16. On that day Edward O'Connell and Felix Straub of 999 Jackson avenue, The Bronx, were arrested and held on a charge of burglary. They were caught as they were leaving the apartment house at 953 Simpson street, in which Mrs. Mary Stern lives. O'Connell is said to have admitted that he had committed thirty-five burglaries in The Bronx since the first day of the year.

As a result of his story the detectives arrested James Capitoli of 2725 Prospect avenue, manager of a cabaret restaurant in The Bronx. They found much silverware and jewelry in Capitoli's flat. Yesterday morning Detective McGrath went with O'Connell to the jewelry store of Jacob Frankel, at 2101 Third avenue. There McGrath exhibited some of the jewelry after being introduced by O'Connell. He said he had just got out of prison and wanted to sell some stolen goods. Frankel, it is alleged, offered the detective \$5 for goods worth \$60. He was placed under arrest on a charge of receiving stolen goods. In the rear of store McGrath found a suitcase containing articles which, the detective said, were stolen.

Detectives from the Morrisania station

made a raid on an apartment at 1540 Wilkins avenue last Monday night and arrested three men and two women. They seized several suitcases containing stolen goods.

While the hunt for the Bronx buyers was going on detectives were meeting with equal success in running down thieves on Washington Heights.

In the arrest of three men and two women and the recovery of a quantity of stolen property at 410 West 124th street yesterday the police think they have rounded up the gang that has robbed scores of apartments in that section of the city.

Detectives broke into an apartment in the 124th street building early yesterday and arrested two men, who gave the names of Charles Leonard, 28 years old, an electrician, and William Morrow, 35, a clerk. In the rooms were six leather handbags, two bamboo grips, twenty-five suitcases filled with clothing, a quantity of silverware marked Green's Hotel, Philadelphia, the Kaiser Garden, Coney Island, M. C. Mac G. and F. E. C.

The detectives found a silver medal upon which was engraved "Arthur Williams, First Prize, Life Saving Corps of New York." The Williams home at 28 Audubon avenue was burglarized March 11.

An opium layout was also in the apartment.

The two prisoners were held by Magistrate Corrigan in Harlem police court in \$5,000 bail for examination on Monday on a charge of burglary.

The detectives later learned that the two prisoners spent most of their time in an apartment in the front of the one they occupied. They went back and arrested the occupants, two women and a man, who gave the names of Anna Burns, 32 years old; Gladys Lee, 26, and Martin Rotchford, 20, a bellboy. More silverware, with the Tiffany mark, was found in this apartment.

The two women were 1 id as suspicious persons and Rotchford on a charge of burglary and violating the Sullivan law, as he had a loaded revolver in his pocket. The detectives say he admitted that he had been robbing flats with the others for a week.

Miss Lee said she was a vaudeville actress and that six years ago she ran away from her home in Summit Hill, N. J., with Leonard. She said he had been cruel to her and she left him, but went back to him later and that last Thursday night he tried to kill her, shooting at her twice. To verify her story she showed the detectives two bullet holes in the wall.

Fur Storage—Remodelling and Repairing

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

Will Hold the Following SPECIAL SALES

Monday, March 30th

Crepe de Chine Night Gowns

For Women and Misses.

Sleeper Kimono model of superior quality crepe de Chine, new shape yoke, hemstitched front and back, trimmed with chiffon roses.

3.75 Value \$5.75

Silk Jersey Petticoats

For Women and Misses.

Of superior quality silk Jersey in black, navy, mahogany, Russian or emerald green, brown, purple, taupe or "Callot" blue; fine accordion pleated close fitting flounce of silk Jersey.

4.50 Value \$6.95

Silk Hose, Hand Emb'd Clox

For Women and Misses.

Of superior quality pure thread, in black or white, with embroidered clox in black, white, cerise, king's blue, emerald or purple; lisle sole and garter top, wear guaranteed.

1.25 Value \$2.00

Women's Trimmed Millinery

Models from Our Own Workrooms.

Copies of late Paris millinery in Watteau, Directoire, Georgette sailor, Continental and Turban shapes, made of Milan hemp, Tagal, Lisere and silk braid, also Leghorn; richly trimmed.

15.00 Value \$25.00

Misses' Trimmed Millinery

Watteau, Poke or Sailor Models.

Of Tagal, Milan hemp or split straw, trimmed with ribbons, flowers and wings.

7.50 Value \$10.00

Women's "Parfait" Corsets

Boneless Souple Model.

Of mercerized batiste or French coutil.

4.00 Value \$6.50

Accordion Walking Skirts

For Women and Misses.

Of imported wool crepe in navy, black or white, flat graduated tunic, accordion pleated skirt from silk yoke.

9.75 Value \$13.50

Imported Silk Sweaters

For Women and Misses.

Accordion ribbed pure thread silk, in two toned effects in all colors.

15.00 Heretofore \$22.50

"Paquin" Tailored Collars

Of Linen or Pique—For Women and Misses.

A new model collar, plainly tailored, of oyster white Ramie linen or white pique, to be worn with suits.

1.45 Value \$2.00.

Women's Silk Hand Bags

New Tassel Shape Bags.

Of black moire silk, with inside frame, purse and mirror.

2.75 Value \$3.95